B450M AORUS ELITE

User's Manual

Rev. 1001

12ME-B45MAET-1001R

For more product details, please visit GIGABYTE's website.

To reduce the impacts on global warming, the packaging materials of this product are recyclable and reusable. GIGABYTE works with you to protect the environment.

Declaration of Conformity

We, Manufacturer/Importer,

G.B.T. Technology Trading GMbH

Address: Bullenkoppel 16, 22047 Hamburg, Germany

Declare that the product

Product Type: Motherboard

Product Name: B450M AORUS ELITE

conforms with the essential requirements of the following directives:

☒ **EMC Directive 2014/30/EU:**

☒ Conduction & Radiated Emissions:	EN 55032:2012+AC:2013
☒ Immunity:	EN 55024:2010+A1:2015
☒ Power-line harmonics:	EN 61000-3-2:2014
☒ Power-line flicker:	EN 61000-3-3:2013

☒ **Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU:**

☒ Safety:	EN60950-1:2006+A11:2009+A12:2011+A2:2013

☒ **RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU**

☒ Restriction of use of certain substances in electronic equipment:	This product does not contain any of the restricted substances listed in Annex II, in concentrations and applications banned by the directive.

☒ **CE marking**

CE

Signature: Timmy Huang

(Stamp) Date: Nov. 29, 2019 Name: Timmy Huang

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Per FCC Part 2 Section 2.1077(a)

FC

Responsible Party Name: G.B.T. INC. (U.S.A.)

Address: 17358 Railroad Street
City of Industry, CA 91748

Phone/Fax No: (626) 854-9338/ (626) 854-9326

hereby declares that the product

Product Name: Motherboard

Model Number: B450M AORUS ELITE

Conforms to the following specifications:

FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Section 15.107(a) and Section 15.109 (a),Class B Digital Device

Supplementary Information:

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful and (2) this device must accept any inference received, including that may cause undesired operation.

Representative Person's Name: ERIC LU

Signature: Eric Lu

Date: Nov. 29, 2019

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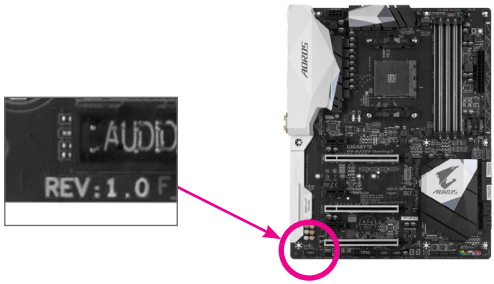
- In order to assist in the use of this product, carefully read the User's Manual.
- For product-related information, check on our website at: https://www.gigabyte.com

Identifying Your Motherboard Revision

The revision number on your motherboard looks like this: "REV: X.X." For example, "REV: 1.0" means the revision of the motherboard is 1.0. Check your motherboard revision before updating motherboard BIOS, drivers, or when looking for technical information.
Example:



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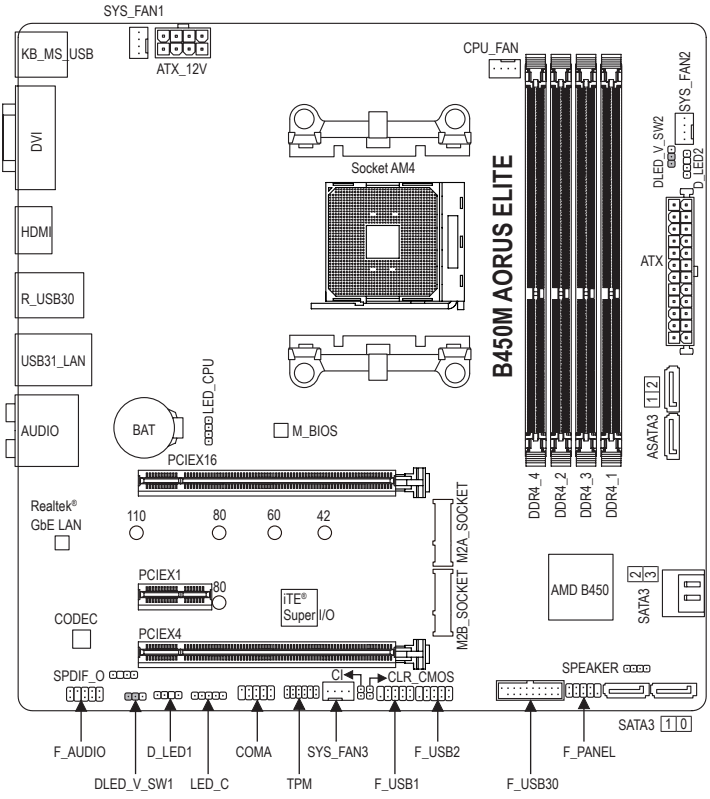
B450M AORUS ELITE Motherboard Layout



Box Contents

- ☑ B450M AORUS ELITE motherboard
- ☑ Motherboard driver disc
- ☑ User's Manual
- ☑ Two SATA cables
- ☑ I/O Shield

* The box contents above are for reference only and the actual items shall depend on the product package you obtain. The box contents are subject to change without notice.

Chapter 1 Hardware Installation

1-1 Installation Precautions

The motherboard contains numerous delicate electronic circuits and components which can become damaged as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). Prior to installation, carefully read the user's manual and follow these procedures:

- Prior to installation, make sure the chassis is suitable for the motherboard.
- Prior to installation, do not remove or break motherboard S/N (Serial Number) sticker or warranty sticker provided by your dealer. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Always remove the AC power by unplugging the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing the motherboard or other hardware components.
- When connecting hardware components to the internal connectors on the motherboard, make sure they are connected tightly and securely.
- When handling the motherboard, avoid touching any metal leads or connectors.
- It is best to wear an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap when handling electronic components such as a motherboard, CPU or memory. If you do not have an ESD wrist strap, keep your hands dry and first touch a metal object to eliminate static electricity.
- Prior to installing the motherboard, please have it on top of an antistatic pad or within an electrostatic shielding container.
- Before connecting or unplugging the power supply cable from the motherboard, make sure the power supply has been turned off.
- Before turning on the power, make sure the power supply voltage has been set according to the local voltage standard.
- Before using the product, please verify that all cables and power connectors of your hardware components are connected.
- To prevent damage to the motherboard, do not allow screws to come in contact with the motherboard circuit or its components.
- Make sure there are no leftover screws or metal components placed on the motherboard or within the computer casing.
- Do not place the computer system on an uneven surface.
- Do not place the computer system in a high-temperature or wet environment.
- Turning on the computer power during the installation process can lead to damage to system components as well as physical harm to the user.
- If you are uncertain about any installation steps or have a problem related to the use of the product, please consult a certified computer technician.
- If you use an adapter, extension power cable, or power strip, ensure to consult with its installation and/or grounding instructions.

1-2 Product Specifications

CPU	◆ AMD Socket AM4, support for: 3rd Generation AMD Ryzen™ processors/ 2nd Generation AMD Ryzen™ processors/ 1st Generation AMD Ryzen™ processors/ 2nd Generation AMD Ryzen™ with Radeon™ Vega Graphics processors/ 1st Generation AMD Ryzen™ with Radeon™ Vega Graphics processors/ AMD Ryzen™ with Radeon™ Vega Graphics processors (Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)
Chipset	◆ AMD B450
Memory	◆ 4 x DDR4 DIMM sockets supporting up to 128 GB (32 GB single DIMM capacity) of system memory ◆ Dual channel memory architecture ◆ Support for DDR4 2933/2667/2400/2133 MHz memory modules ◆ Support for ECC Un-buffered DIMM 1Rx8/2Rx8 memory modules (operate in non-ECC mode) ◆ Support for non-ECC Un-buffered DIMM 1Rx8/2Rx8/1Rx16 memory modules ◆ Support for Extreme Memory Profile (XMP) memory modules (Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest supported memory speeds and memory modules.)
Onboard Graphics (Note)	◆ Integrated Graphics Processor: - 1 x DVI-D port, supporting a maximum resolution of 1920x1200@60 Hz * The DVI-D port does not support D-Sub connection by adapter. - 1 x HDMI port, supporting a maximum resolution of 4096x2160@60 Hz * Support for HDMI 2.0 version, HDCP 2.2, and HDR. ◆ Maximum shared memory of 16 GB
Audio	◆ Realtek® ALC892 codec ◆ High Definition Audio ◆ 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel ◆ Support for S/PDIF Out
LAN	◆ Realtek® GbE LAN chip (10/100/1000 Mbit)
Expansion Slots	◆ 1 x PCI Express x16 slot, running at x16 (PCIEX16) (Note) * For optimum performance, if only one PCI Express graphics card is to be installed, be sure to install it in the PCIEX16 slot. (The PCIEX16 slot conforms to PCI Express 3.0 standard.) ◆ 1 x PCI Express x16 slot, running at x4 (PCIEX4) ◆ 1 x PCI Express x1 slot (The PCIEX4 and PCIEX1 slots conform to PCI Express 2.0 standard.)
Multi-Graphics Technology	◆ Support for AMD Quad-GPU CrossFire™ and 2-Way AMD CrossFire™ technologies

(Note) Actual support may vary by CPU.

Storage Interface	◆ Integrated in the CPU: - 1 x M.2 connector (Socket 3, M key, type 2242/2260/2280/22110 SATA and PCIe 3.0 x4/x2 SSD support) (M2A_SOCKET) - 2 x SATA 6Gb/s connectors (ASATA3 1/2) ◆ Integrated in the Chipset: - 1 x M.2 connector (Socket 3, M key, type 2280 SATA and PCIe 3.0 x2 SSD support) (M2B_SOCKET) - 4 x SATA 6Gb/s connectors (SATA3 0/1/2/3) ◆ Support for RAID 0, RAID 1, and RAID 10 * Refer to "1-7 Internal Connectors," for the installation notices for the M.2 and SATA connectors.
USB	◆ Integrated in the CPU: - 4 x USB 3.1 Gen 1 ports on the back panel ◆ Integrated in the Chipset: - 2 x USB 3.1 Gen 2 Type-A ports (red) on the back panel - 2 x USB 3.1 Gen 1 ports available through the internal USB headers - 6 x USB 2.0/1.1 ports (2 ports on the back panel, 4 ports available through the internal USB headers)
Internal Connectors	◆ 1 x 24-pin ATX main power connector ◆ 1 x 8-pin ATX 12V power connector ◆ 1 x CPU fan header ◆ 3 x system fan headers ◆ 2 x M.2 Socket 3 connectors ◆ 6 x SATA 6Gb/s connectors ◆ 2 x addressable LED strip headers ◆ 2 x addressable LED strip power select jumpers ◆ 1 x CPU cooler LED strip/RGB LED strip header ◆ 1 x RGB (RGBW) LED strip header ◆ 1 x front panel header ◆ 1 x front panel audio header ◆ 1 x S/PDIF Out header ◆ 1 x USB 3.1 Gen 1 header ◆ 2 x USB 2.0/1.1 headers ◆ 1 x Trusted Platform Module (TPM) header (2x6 pin, for the GC-TPM2.0_S module only) ◆ 1 x serial port header ◆ 1 x speaker header ◆ 1 x Clear CMOS jumper ◆ 1 x chassis intrusion header
Back Panel Connectors	◆ 1 x PS/2 keyboard/mouse port ◆ 2 x USB 2.0/1.1 ports ◆ 1 x DVI-D port ◆ 1 x HDMI port ◆ 4 x USB 3.1 Gen 1 ports ◆ 1 x RJ-45 port ◆ 2 x USB 3.1 Gen 2 Type-A ports (red) ◆ 6 x audio jacks

I/O Controller	◆	iTE® I/O Controller Chip
Hardware Monitor	◆	Voltage detection
	◆	Temperature detection
	◆	Fan speed detection
	◆	Overheating warning
	◆	Fan fail warning
	◆	Fan speed control * Whether the fan speed control function is supported will depend on the cooler you install.
BIOS	◆	1 x 128 Mbit flash
	◆	Use of licensed AMI UEFI BIOS
	◆	PnP 1.0a, DMI 2.7, WfM 2.0, SM BIOS 2.7, ACPI 5.0
Unique Features	◆	Support for APP Center * Available applications in APP Center may vary by motherboard model. Supported functions of each application may also vary depending on motherboard specifications. - @BIOS - AutoGreen - Cloud Station - EasyTune - Fast Boot - Game Boost - ON/OFF Charge - RGB Fusion - Smart Backup - Smart Keyboard - Smart Survey - System Information Viewer - USB Blocker
	◆	Support for Q-Flash
	◆	Support for Xpress Install
Bundled Software	◆	Norton® Internet Security (OEM version)
	◆	Realtek® 8118 Gaming LAN Bandwidth Control Utility
Operating System	◆	Support for Windows 10 64-bit
Form Factor	◆	Micro ATX Form Factor; 24.4cm x 24.4cm

* GIGABYTE reserves the right to make any changes to the product specifications and product-related information without prior notice.

Please visit GIGABYTE's website for support lists of CPU, memory modules, SSDs, and M.2 devices.

Please visit the **Support\Utility List** page on GIGABYTE's website to download the latest version of apps.

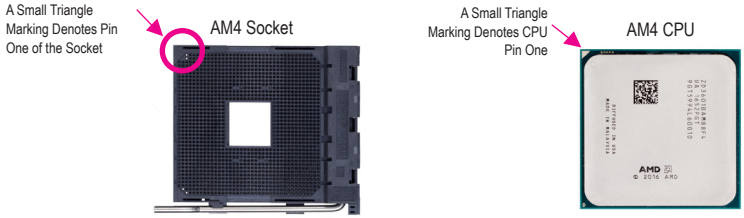
1-3 Installing the CPU

Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the CPU:

- Make sure that the motherboard supports the CPU.
  (Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the CPU to prevent hardware damage.
- Locate the pin one of the CPU. The CPU cannot be inserted if oriented incorrectly.
- Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the CPU.
- Do not turn on the computer if the CPU cooler is not installed, otherwise overheating and damage of the CPU may occur.
- Set the CPU host frequency in accordance with the CPU specifications. It is not recommended that the system bus frequency be set beyond hardware specifications since it does not meet the standard requirements for the peripherals. If you wish to set the frequency beyond the standard specifications, please do so according to your hardware specifications including the CPU, graphics card, memory, hard drive, etc.

Installing the CPU

Locate the pin one (denoted by a small triangle) of the CPU socket and the CPU.



1-4 Installing the Memory

Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the memory:

- Make sure that the motherboard supports the memory. It is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.
  (Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest supported memory speeds and memory modules.)
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the memory to prevent hardware damage.
- Memory modules have a foolproof design. A memory module can be installed in only one direction. If you are unable to insert the memory, switch the direction.

Dual Channel Memory Configuration

This motherboard provides four memory sockets and supports Dual Channel Technology. After the memory is installed, the BIOS will automatically detect the specifications and capacity of the memory. Enabling Dual Channel memory mode will double the original memory bandwidth.

The four memory sockets are divided into two channels and each channel has two memory sockets as following:

- Channel A: DDR4_2, DDR4_4
- Channel B: DDR4_1, DDR4_3

Dual Channel Memory Configurations Table

	DDR4_4	DDR4_2	DDR4_3	DDR4_1
2 Modules	- -	DS/SS	- -	DS/SS
	DS/SS	- -	DS/SS	- -
4 Modules	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS

(SS=Single-Sided, DS=Double-Sided, "- -"=No Memory)

Please visit GIGABYTE's website for details on hardware installation.

Due to CPU limitations, read the following guidelines before installing the memory in Dual Channel mode.

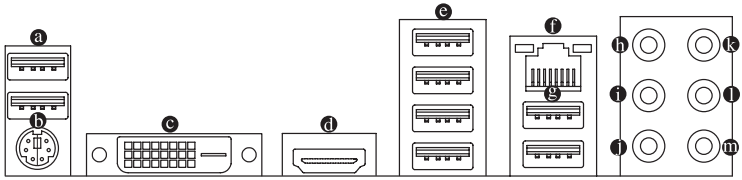
1. Dual Channel mode cannot be enabled if only one memory module is installed.
2. When enabling Dual Channel mode with two or four memory modules, it is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used. For optimum performance, when enabling Dual Channel mode with two memory modules, we recommend that you install them in the DDR4_1 and DDR4_2 sockets.

1-5 Installing an Expansion Card

Read the following guidelines before you begin to install an expansion card:

- Make sure the motherboard supports the expansion card. Carefully read the manual that came with your expansion card.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing an expansion card to prevent hardware damage.

1-6 Back Panel Connectors



a USB 2.0/1.1 Port

The USB port supports the USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Use this port for USB devices.

b PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse Port

Use this port to connect a PS/2 mouse or keyboard.

c DVI-D Port (Note 1)(Note 2)

The DVI-D port conforms to the DVI-D specification and supports a maximum resolution of 1920x1200@60 Hz (the actual resolutions supported depend on the monitor being used). Connect a monitor that supports DVI-D connection to this port.

d HDMI Port (Note 2)

The HDMI port is HDCP 2.2 compliant and supports Dolby TrueHD and DTS HD Master Audio formats. It also supports up to 192KHz/24bit 8-channel LPCM audio output. You can use this port to connect your HDMI-supported monitor. The maximum supported resolution is 4096x2160@60 Hz, but the actual resolutions supported are dependent on the monitor being used.

After installing the HDMI device, make sure to set the default sound playback device to HDMI. (The item name may differ depending on your operating system.)

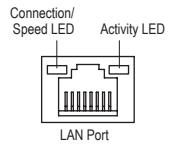
e USB 3.1 Gen 1 Port

The USB 3.1 Gen 1 port supports the USB 3.1 Gen 1 specification and is compatible to the USB 2.0 specification. Use this port for USB devices.

(Note 1) The DVI-D port does not support D-Sub connection by adapter.
(Note 2) Actual support may vary by CPU.

❶ RJ-45 LAN Port

The Gigabit Ethernet LAN port provides Internet connection at up to 1 Gbps data rate. The following describes the states of the LAN port LEDs.



Connection/Speed LED:

State	Description
Orange	1 Gbps data rate
Green	100 Mbps data rate
Off	10 Mbps data rate

Activity LED:

State	Description
Blinking	Data transmission or receiving is occurring
Off	No data transmission or receiving is occurring

❾ USB 3.1 Gen 2 Type-A Port (Red)

The USB 3.1 Gen 2 Type-A port supports the USB 3.1 Gen 2 specification and is compatible to the USB 3.1 Gen 1 and USB 2.0 specification. Use this port for USB devices.

❽ Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out (Orange)

Use this audio jack to connect center/subwoofer speakers.

❼ Rear Speaker Out (Black)

Use this audio jack to connect rear speakers.

❻ Side Speaker Out (Gray)

Use this audio jack to connect side speakers.

❺ Line In (Blue)

The line in jack. Use this audio jack for line in devices such as an optical drive, walkman, etc.

❹ Line Out/Front Speaker Out (Green)

The line out jack.

❸ Mic In (Pink)

The Mic in jack.

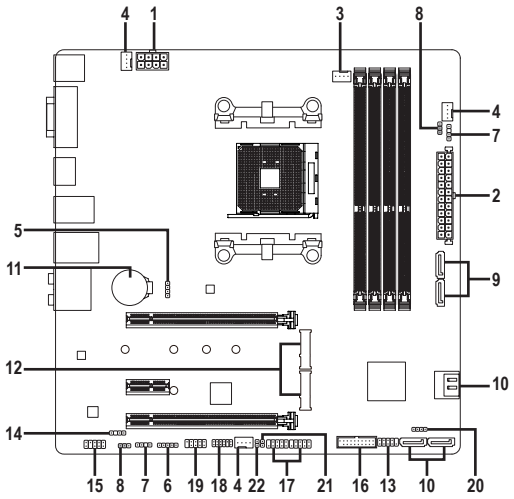
Audio Jack Configurations:

Jack	Headphone/ 2-channel	4-channel	5.1-channel	7.1-channel
❽ Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out			✔	✔
❼ Rear Speaker Out		✔	✔	✔
❻ Side Speaker Out				✔
❺ Line In				
❹ Line Out/Front Speaker Out	✔	✔	✔	✔
❸ Mic In				

- When removing the cable connected to a back panel connector, first remove the cable from your device and then remove it from the motherboard.
- When removing the cable, pull it straight out from the connector. Do not rock it side to side to prevent an electrical short inside the cable connector.

Please visit GIGABYTE's website for details on configuring the audio software.

1-7 Internal Connectors



1)	ATX_12V	12)	M2A_SOCKET/M2B_SOCKET
2)	ATX	13)	F_PANEL
3)	CPU_FAN	14)	SPDIF_O
4)	SYS_FAN1/2/3	15)	F_AUDIO
5)	LED_CPU	16)	F_USB30
6)	LED_C	17)	F_USB1/F_USB2
7)	D_LED1/D_LED2	18)	TPM
8)	DLED_V_SW1/DLED_V_SW2	19)	COMA
9)	ASATA3 1/2	20)	SPEAKER
10)	SATA3 0/1/2/3	21)	CLR_CMOS
11)	BAT	22)	CI

Read the following guidelines before connecting external devices:

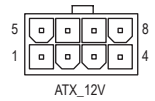
- First make sure your devices are compliant with the connectors you wish to connect.
- Before installing the devices, be sure to turn off the devices and your computer. Unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the devices.
- After installing the device and before turning on the computer, make sure the device cable has been securely attached to the connector on the motherboard.

1/2) ATX_12V/ATX (2x4 12V Power Connector and 2x12 Main Power Connector)

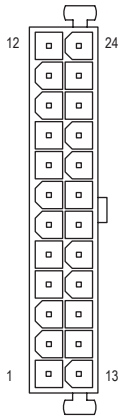
With the use of the power connector, the power supply can supply enough stable power to all the components on the motherboard. Before connecting the power connector, first make sure the power supply is turned off and all devices are properly installed. The power connector possesses a foolproof design. Connect the power supply cable to the power connector in the correct orientation.

The 12V power connector mainly supplies power to the CPU. If the 12V power connector is not connected, the computer will not start.

To meet expansion requirements, it is recommended that a power supply that can withstand high power consumption be used (500W or greater). If a power supply is used that does not provide the required power, the result can lead to an unstable or unbootable system.



ATX_12V



ATX

ATX_12V:

Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	GND (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)	5	+12V (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)
2	GND (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)	6	+12V (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)
3	GND	7	+12V
4	GND	8	+12V

ATX:

Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	3.3V	13	3.3V
2	3.3V	14	-12V
3	GND	15	GND
4	+5V	16	PS_ON (soft On/Off)
5	GND	17	GND
6	+5V	18	GND
7	GND	19	GND
8	Power Good	20	NC
9	5VSB (stand by +5V)	21	+5V
10	+12V	22	+5V
11	+12V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)	23	+5V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)
12	3.3V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)	24	GND (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)

3/4) CPU_FAN/SYS_FAN1/2/3 (Fan Headers)

All fan headers on this motherboard are 4-pin. Most fan headers possess a foolproof insertion design. When connecting a fan cable, be sure to connect it in the correct orientation (the black connector wire is the ground wire). The speed control function requires the use of a fan with fan speed control design. For optimum heat dissipation, it is recommended that a system fan be installed inside the chassis.



CPU_FAN



SYS_FAN1/2



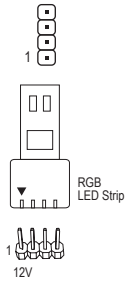
SYS_FAN3

Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	Voltage Speed Control
3	Sense
4	PWM Speed Control

- Be sure to connect fan cables to the fan headers to prevent your CPU and system from overheating. Overheating may result in damage to the CPU or the system may hang.
- These fan headers are not configuration jumper blocks. Do not place a jumper cap on the headers.

5) LED_CPU (CPU Cooler LED Strip/RGB LED Strip Header)

The header can be used to connect a CPU cooler LED strip or a standard 5050 RGB LED strip (12V/G/R/B), with maximum power rating of 2A (12V) and maximum length of 2m.

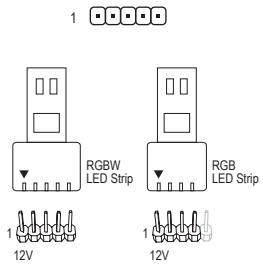


Pin No.	Definition
1	12V
2	G
3	R
4	B

Connect the CPU cooler LED strip/RGB LED strip to the header. The power pin (marked with a triangle on the plug) of the LED strip must be connected to Pin 1 (12V) of this header. Incorrect connection may lead to the damage of the LED strip.

6) LED_C (RGB (RGBW) LED Strip Header)

The header can be used to connect a standard 5050 RGB (RGBW) LED strip (12V/G/R/B/W), with maximum power rating of 2A (12V) and maximum length of 2m.



Pin No.	Definition
1	12V
2	G
3	R
4	B
5	W

Connect your RGB (RGBW) LED strip to the header. The power pin (marked with a triangle on the plug) of the LED strip must be connected to Pin 1 (12V) of this header. Incorrect connection may lead to the damage of the LED strip.

7) D_LED1/D_LED2 (Addressable LED Strip Headers)

The headers can be used to connect a standard 5050 addressable LED strip, with maximum power rating of 2A (12V or 5V) and maximum number of 300 LEDs. There are 12V and 5V addressable LED strips. Be sure to verify the voltage requirements of your addressable LED strip and set the DLED_V_SW1 and DLED_V_SW2 jumpers accordingly.



Pin No.	Definition
1	V
2	D
3	No Pin
4	G

Connect your addressable LED strip to the header. There are 12V and 5V addressable LED strips. Be sure to verify the voltage requirements of your addressable LED strip and set the DLED_V_SW1 and DLED_V_SW2 jumpers accordingly. The power pin (marked with a triangle on the plug) of the LED strip must be connected to Pin 1 of the addressable LED strip header. Incorrect connection may lead to the damage of the LED strip.

For how to turn on/off the lights of the LED strip please visit the "Unique Features" webpage of GIGABYTE's website.

Before installing the devices, be sure to turn off the devices and your computer. Unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the devices.

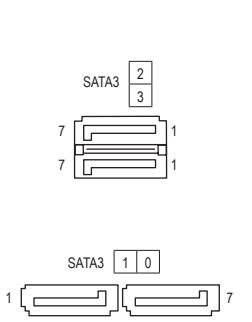
8) DLED_V_SW1/DLED_V_SW2 (Addressable LED Strip Power Select Jumpers)

The jumpers allow you to select the supply voltage of the D_LED1 and D_LED2 headers. Be sure to verify the voltage requirements of your addressable LED strip and set the correct voltage with this jumper before connection. Incorrect connection may lead to the damage of the LED strip.



9/10) ASATA3 1/2, SATA3 0/1/2/3 (SATA 6Gb/s Connectors)

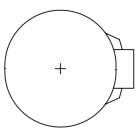
The SATA connectors conform to SATA 6Gb/s standard and are compatible with SATA 3Gb/s and SATA 1.5Gb/s standard. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device. The SATA connectors support RAID 0, RAID 1, and RAID 10. Refer to Chapter 3, "Configuring a RAID Set," for instructions on configuring a RAID array.



Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	TXP
3	TXN
4	GND
5	RXN
6	RXP
7	GND

11) BAT (Battery)

The battery provides power to keep the values (such as BIOS configurations, date, and time information) in the CMOS when the computer is turned off. Replace the battery when the battery voltage drops to a low level, or the CMOS values may not be accurate or may be lost.



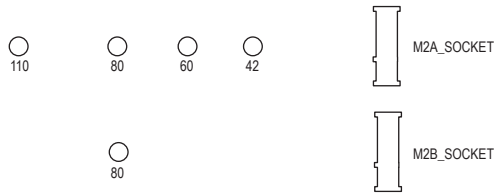
You may clear the CMOS values by removing the battery:

1. Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord.
2. Gently remove the battery from the battery holder and wait for one minute. (Or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder, making them short for 5 seconds.)
3. Replace the battery.
4. Plug in the power cord and restart your computer.

- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord before replacing the battery.
- Replace the battery with an equivalent one. Damage to your devices may occur if the battery is replaced with an incorrect model.
- Contact the place of purchase or local dealer if you are not able to replace the battery by yourself or uncertain about the battery model.
- When installing the battery, note the orientation of the positive side (+) and the negative side (-) of the battery (the positive side should face up).
- Used batteries must be handled in accordance with local environmental regulations.

12) M2A_SOCKET/M2B_SOCKET (M.2 Socket 3 Connectors)

The M.2 connectors support M.2 SATA SSDs or M.2 PCIe SSDs and support RAID configuration. Please note that an M.2 PCIe SSD cannot be used to create a RAID set either with an M.2 SATA SSD or a SATA hard drive. Refer to Chapter 3, "Configuring a RAID Set," for instructions on configuring a RAID array.



Follow the steps below to correctly install an M.2 SSD in the M.2 connector.

Step 1:

Use a screw driver to unfasten the screw and standoff from the motherboard. Locate the proper mounting hole for the M.2 SSD to be installed and then screw the standoff first.

Step 2:

Slide the M.2 SSD into the connector at an angle.

Step 3:

Press the M.2 SSD down and then secure it with the screw.

Select the proper hole for the M.2 SSD to be installed and refasten the screw and standoff.

Installation Notices for the M.2 and SATA Connectors:

The availability of the SATA connectors may be affected by the type of device installed in the M.2 sockets. The M2A_SOCKET connector shares bandwidth with the ASATA3 1, 2 connectors. The M2B_SOCKET connector shares bandwidth with the SATA3 2, 3 connectors. Refer to the following tables for details.

- **M2A_SOCKET:**

Type of M.2 SSD \ Connector	SATA3 0	SATA3 1	SATA3 2	SATA3 3	ASATA3 1	ASATA3 2
M.2 SATA SSD	✔	✔	✔	✔	✕	✕
M.2 PCIe SSD	✔	✔	✔	✔	✕	✕
No M.2 SSD Installed	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔

✔: Available, ✕: Not available

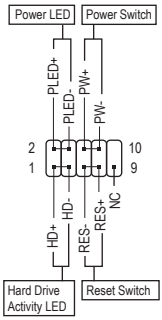
- **M2B_SOCKET:**

Type of M.2 SSD \ Connector	SATA3 0	SATA3 1	SATA3 2	SATA3 3	ASATA3 1	ASATA3 2
M.2 SATA SSD	✔	✔	✕	✕	✔	✔
M.2 PCIe SSD	✔	✔	✕	✕	✔	✔
No M.2 SSD Installed	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔

✔: Available, ✕: Not available

13) F_PANEL (Front Panel Header)

Connect the power switch, reset switch, and system status indicator on the chassis to this header according to the pin assignments below. Note the positive and negative pins before connecting the cables.



- **PLED** (Power LED):

System Status	LED
S0	On
S3/S4/S5	Off

Connects to the power status indicator on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the system is operating. The LED is off when the system is in S3/S4 sleep state or powered off (S5).

- **PW** (Power Switch):
  Connects to the power switch on the chassis front panel. You may configure the way to turn off your system using the power switch (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Power," for more information).
- **HD** (Hard Drive Activity LED):
  Connects to the hard drive activity LED on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the hard drive is reading or writing data.
- **RES** (Reset Switch):
  Connects to the reset switch on the chassis front panel. Press the reset switch to restart the computer if the computer freezes and fails to perform a normal restart.
- **NC:** No connection.

The front panel design may differ by chassis. A front panel module mainly consists of power switch, reset switch, power LED, hard drive activity LED and etc. When connecting your chassis front panel module to this header, make sure the wire assignments and the pin assignments are matched correctly.

14) SPDIF_O (S/PDIF Out Header)

This header supports digital S/PDIF Out and connects a S/PDIF digital audio cable (provided by expansion cards) for digital audio output from your motherboard to certain expansion cards like graphics cards and sound cards. For example, some graphics cards may require you to use a S/PDIF digital audio cable for digital audio output from your motherboard to your graphics card if you wish to connect an HDMI display to the graphics card and have digital audio output from the HDMI display at the same time. For information about connecting the S/PDIF digital audio cable, carefully read the manual for your expansion card.



Pin No.	Definition
1	5VDUAL
2	No Pin
3	SPDIFO
4	GND

15) F_AUDIO (Front Panel Audio Header)

The front panel audio header supports High Definition audio (HD). You may connect your chassis front panel audio module to this header. Make sure the wire assignments of the module connector match the pin assignments of the motherboard header. Incorrect connection between the module connector and the motherboard header will make the device unable to work or even damage it.

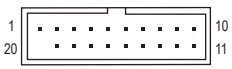


Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	MIC2_L	6	Sense
2	GND	7	FAUDIO_JD
3	MIC2_R	8	No Pin
4	NC	9	LINE2_L
5	LINE2_R	10	Sense

Some chassis provide a front panel audio module that has separated connectors on each wire instead of a single plug. For information about connecting the front panel audio module that has different wire assignments, please contact the chassis manufacturer.

16) F_USB30 (USB 3.1 Gen 1 Header)

The header conforms to USB 3.1 Gen 1 and USB 2.0 specification and can provide two USB ports. For purchasing the optional 3.5" front panel that provides two USB 3.1 Gen 1 ports, please contact the local dealer.



Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	VBUS	11	D2+
2	SSRX1-	12	D2-
3	SSRX1+	13	GND
4	GND	14	SSTX2+
5	SSTX1-	15	SSTX2-
6	SSTX1+	16	GND
7	GND	17	SSRX2+
8	D1-	18	SSRX2-
9	D1+	19	VBUS
10	NC	20	No Pin

17) F_USB1/F_USB2 (USB 2.0/1.1 Headers)

The headers conform to USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Each USB header can provide two USB ports via an optional USB bracket. For purchasing the optional USB bracket, please contact the local dealer.



Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	Power (5V)	6	USB DY+
2	Power (5V)	7	GND
3	USB DX-	8	GND
4	USB DY-	9	No Pin
5	USB DX+	10	NC

- Do not plug the IEEE 1394 bracket (2x5-pin) cable into the USB 2.0/1.1 header.
- Prior to installing the USB bracket, be sure to turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the USB bracket.

18) TPM (Trusted Platform Module Header)

You may connect a TPM (Trusted Platform Module) to this header.



Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	LAD0	7	LAD3
2	VCC3	8	GND
3	LAD1	9	LFRAME
4	No Pin	10	NC
5	LAD2	11	SERIRQ
6	LCLK	12	LRESET

19) COMA (Serial Port Header)

The COM header can provide one serial port via an optional COM port cable. For purchasing the optional COM port cable, please contact the local dealer.



Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	NDCD-	6	NDSR-
2	NSIN	7	NRTS-
3	NSOUT	8	NCTS-
4	NDTR-	9	NRI-
5	GND	10	No Pin

20) SPEAKER (Speaker Header)

Connects to the speaker on the chassis front panel. The system reports system startup status by issuing a beep code. One single short beep will be heard if no problem is detected at system startup.



Pin No.	Definition
1	VCC
2	NC
3	NC
4	SPK-

21) CLR_CMOS (Clear CMOS Jumper)

Use this jumper to clear the BIOS configuration and reset the CMOS values to factory defaults. To clear the CMOS values, use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the two pins for a few seconds.



Open: Normal



Short: Clear CMOS Values

- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before clearing the CMOS values.
- After system restart, go to BIOS Setup to load factory defaults (select Load Optimized Defaults) or manually configure the BIOS settings (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," for BIOS configurations).

22) CI (Chassis Intrusion Header)

This motherboard provides a chassis detection feature that detects if the chassis cover has been removed. This function requires a chassis with chassis intrusion detection design.



Pin No.	Definition
1	Signal
2	GND

Chapter 2 BIOS Setup

BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) records hardware parameters of the system in the CMOS on the motherboard. Its major functions include conducting the Power-On Self-Test (POST) during system startup, saving system parameters and loading operating system, etc. BIOS includes a BIOS Setup program that allows the user to modify basic system configuration settings or to activate certain system features.
When the power is turned off, the battery on the motherboard supplies the necessary power to the CMOS to keep the configuration values in the CMOS.
To access the BIOS Setup program, press the <Delete> key during the POST when the power is turned on.
To upgrade the BIOS, use either the GIGABYTE Q-Flash or @BIOS utility.

- Q-Flash allows the user to quickly and easily upgrade or back up BIOS without entering the operating system.
- @BIOS is a Windows-based utility that searches and downloads the latest version of BIOS from the Internet and updates the BIOS.

- Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, if you do not encounter problems using the current version of BIOS, it is recommended that you not flash the BIOS. To flash the BIOS, do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.
- It is recommended that you not alter the default settings (unless you need to) to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, try to clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values. (Refer to the "Load Optimized Defaults" section in this chapter or introductions of the battery/clear CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 for how to clear the CMOS values.)

2-1 Startup Screen

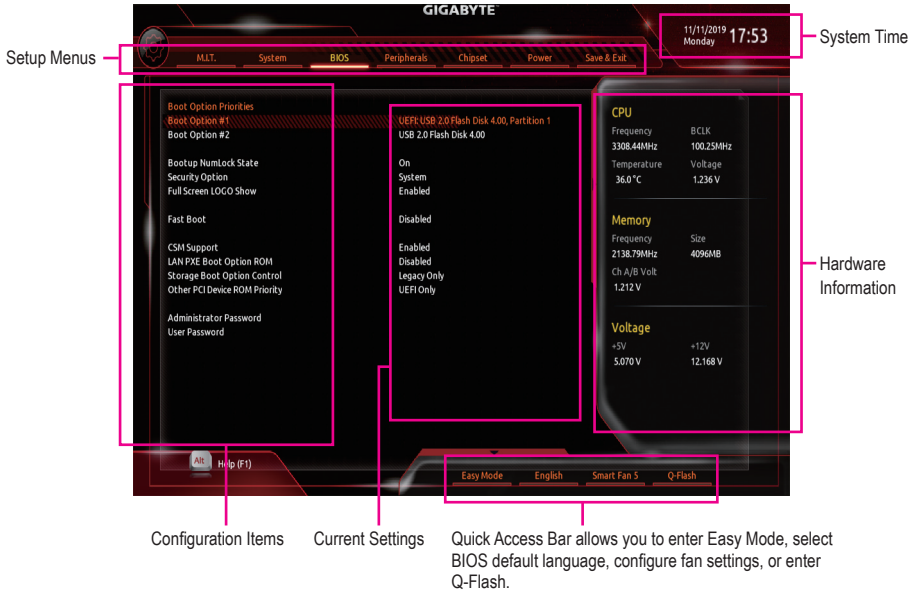
The following startup Logo screen will appear when the computer boots.
(Sample BIOS Version: E3)



There are two different BIOS modes as follows and you can use the <F2> key to switch between the two modes.
The Classic Setup mode provides detailed BIOS settings. You can press the arrow keys on your keyboard to move among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter a sub-menu. Or you can use your mouse to select the item you want. Easy Mode allows users to quickly view their current system information or to make adjustments for optimum performance. In Easy Mode, you can use your mouse to move through configuration items.

- When the system is not stable as usual, select the **Load Optimized Defaults** item to set your system to its defaults.
- The BIOS Setup menus described in this chapter are for reference only and may differ by BIOS version.

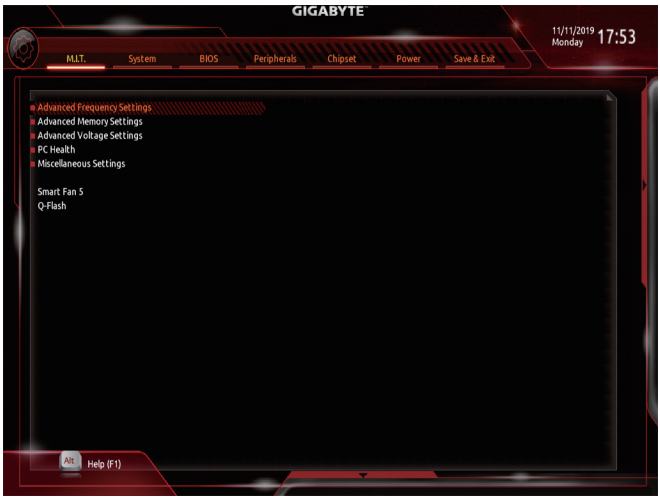
2-2 The Main Menu



Classic Setup Function Keys

<←><→>	Move the selection bar to select a setup menu
<↑><↓>	Move the selection bar to select an configuration item on a menu
<Enter>/Double Click	Execute command or enter a menu
<+>/<Page Up>	Increase the numeric value or make changes
<->/<Page Down>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
<F1>	Show descriptions of the function keys
<F2>	Switch to Easy Mode
<F3>	Save the current BIOS settings to a profile
<F4>	Load the BIOS settings from a profile created before
<F5>	Restore the previous BIOS settings for the current submenus
<F7>	Load the Optimized BIOS default settings for the current submenus
<F8>	Access the Q-Flash utility
<F9>	Display system information
<F10>	Save all the changes and exit the BIOS Setup program
<F12>	Capture the current screen as an image and save it to your USB drive
Left <Alt>	Show descriptions of the items
Right <Alt>	Decrease the Hardware Information
<Esc>	Main Menu: Exit the BIOS Setup program Submenus: Exit current submenu

2-3 M.I.T.



Whether the system will work stably with the overclock/overvoltage settings you made is dependent on your overall system configurations. Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to CPU, chipset, or memory and reduce the useful life of these components. This page is for advanced users only and we recommend you not to alter the default settings to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. (Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values.)

▶ Advanced Frequency Settings

☞ CPU Clock Control

Allows you to manually set the CPU base clock in 1 MHz increments. (Default: Auto)

Important: It is highly recommended that the CPU frequency be set in accordance with the CPU specifications.

☞ Host Clock Value

Displays the current operating Host Clock frequency.

☞ GFX Clock Frequency (Note)

Allows you to alter the frequency for the GPU. After you alter the **GFX Clock Frequency** settings, make sure to adjust the **GFX Core Voltage** settings. (Default: Auto)

NOTE: The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being installed. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting.

☞ GFX Core Voltage (Note)

Allows you to alter the voltage for the GPU. (Default: Auto)

NOTE: The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being installed. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting.

☞ CPU Clock Ratio

Allows you to alter the clock ratio for the installed CPU. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being installed.

☞ CPU Frequency

Displays the current operating CPU frequency.

(Note) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature.

▶ Advanced CPU Settings

☞ CPU Clock Ratio, CPU Frequency

The settings above are synchronous to those under the same items on the **Advanced Frequency Settings** menu.

☞ Core Performance Boost (Note 1)

Allows you to determine whether to enable the Core Performance Boost (CPB) technology, a CPU performance-boost technology. (Default: Auto)

☞ SVM Mode

Virtualization enhanced by Virtualization Technology will allow a platform to run multiple operating systems and applications in independent partitions. With virtualization, one computer system can function as multiple virtual systems. (Default: Disabled)

☞ Global C-state Control (Note 1)

Allows you to determine whether to let the CPU enter C states. When enabled, the CPU core frequency will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. (Default: Auto)

☞ Power Supply Idle Control

Enables or disables Package C6 State.

- ▸▸ Typical Current Idle — Disables this function.
- ▸▸ Low Current Idle — Enables this function.
- ▸▸ Auto — Lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default)

☞ CCD Control (Note 1)

Sets the number of CCDs to be used. (Default: Auto)

☞ Downcore Control

Allows you to select the number of CPU cores to enable (the number of CPU cores may vary by CPU). **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

☞ SMT Mode

Allows you to enable or disable the CPU Simultaneous Multi-Threading technology. This feature only works for operating systems that support multi-processor mode. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

☞ Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.) (Note 2)

Allows the BIOS to read the SPD data on XMP memory module(s) to enhance memory performance when enabled.

- ▸▸ Disabled — Disables this function. (Default)
- ▸▸ Profile1 — Uses Profile 1 settings.
- ▸▸ Profile2 (Note 2) — Uses Profile 2 settings.

☞ System Memory Multiplier

Allows you to set the system memory multiplier. **Auto** sets memory multiplier according to memory SPD data. (Default: Auto)

☞ Memory Frequency (MHz)

The first memory frequency value is the normal operating frequency of the memory being used; the second is the memory frequency that is automatically adjusted according to the **System Memory Multiplier** settings.

(Note 1) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature.
(Note 2) This item is present only when you install a CPU and a memory module that support this feature.

▶ Advanced Memory Settings

☞ Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.) (Note), System Memory Multiplier, Memory Frequency(MHz)

The settings above are synchronous to those under the same items on the **Advanced Frequency Settings** menu.

☞ XMP High Frequency Support (Note)

Allows you to select the compatibility level for high-frequency memory. This item is configurable only when **Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.)** is set to **Profile1** or **Profile2**. (Default: Auto)

☞ Memory Timing Mode

Manual and Expert allows the memory timing settings below to be configurable. Options are: Auto (default), Manual.

☞ Profile DDR Voltage

When using a non-XMP memory module or **Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.)** is set to **Disabled**, the value is displayed according to your memory specification. When **Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.)** is set to **Profile1** or **Profile2**, the value is displayed according to the SPD data on the XMP memory.

▶ Standard Timing Control, Advanced Timing Control, CAD Bus Setup Timing, CAD Bus Drive Strength, Data Bus Configuration

These sections provide memory timing settings. The respective timing setting screens are configurable only when **Memory Timing Mode** is set to **Manual**. Note: Your system may become unstable or fail to boot after you make changes on the memory timings. If this occurs, please reset the board to default values by loading optimized defaults or clearing the CMOS values.

▶ Advanced Voltage Settings

This sub-menu allows you to set CPU, chipset and memory voltages.

▶ PC Health

☞ Reset Case Open Status

- ⏩ Disabled — Keeps or clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status. (Default)
- ⏩ Enabled — Clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status and the **Case Open** field will show "No" at next boot.

☞ Case Open

Displays the detection status of the chassis intrusion detection device attached to the motherboard CI header. If the system chassis cover is removed, this field will show "Yes", otherwise it will show "No". To clear the chassis intrusion status record, set **Reset Case Open Status** to **Enabled**, save the settings to the CMOS, and then restart your system.

☞ CPU Vcore/CPU VDDP/DRAM Channel A/B Voltage/+3.3V/+5V/+12V/VCORE SOC

Displays the current system voltages.

▶ Miscellaneous Settings

☞ PCIe Slot Configuration

Allows you to set the operation mode of the PCI Express slots to Gen 1, Gen 2, or Gen 3. Actual operation mode is subject to the hardware specification of each slot. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

(Note) This item is present only when you install a CPU and a memory module that support this feature.

3DMark01 Enhancement

Allows you to determine whether to enhance some legacy benchmark performance. (Default: Disabled)

Smart Fan 5

Monitor

Allows you to select a target to monitor and to make further adjustment. (Default: CPU FAN)

Fan Speed Control

Allows you to determine whether to enable the fan speed control function and adjust the fan speed.

- Normal — Allows the fan to run at different speeds according to the temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with System Information Viewer based on your system requirements. (Default)
- Silent — Allows the fan to run at slow speeds.
- Manual — Allows you to control the fan speed in the curve graph.
- Full Speed — Allows the fan to run at full speeds.

Fan Control Use Temperature Input

Allows you to select the reference temperature for fan speed control.

Temperature Interval

Allows you to select the temperature interval for fan speed change.

Fan Control Mode

- Auto — Lets the BIOS automatically detect the type of fan installed and sets the optimal control mode. (Default)
- Voltage — Voltage mode is recommended for a 3-pin fan.
- PWM — PWM mode is recommended for a 4-pin fan.

Fan Stop

Enables or disables the fan stop function. You can set the temperature limit using the temperature curve. The fan stops operation when the temperature is lower than the limit. (Default: Disabled)

Temperature

Displays the current temperature of the selected target area.

Fan Speed

Displays current fan speeds.

Flow Rate

Displays the flow rate of your water cooling system.

Temperature Warning

Sets the warning threshold for temperature. When temperature exceeds the threshold, BIOS will emit warning sound. Options are: Disabled (default), 60°C/140°F, 70°C/158°F, 80°C/176°F, 90°C/194°F.

Fan Fail Warning

Allows the system to emit warning sound if the fan is not connected or fails. Check the fan condition or fan connection when this occurs. (Default: Disabled)

Q-Flash

Allows you to access the Q-Flash utility to update the BIOS or back up the current BIOS configuration.

2-4 System



This section provides information on your motherboard model and BIOS version. You can also select the default language used by the BIOS and manually set the system time.

- **System Language**
  Selects the default language used by the BIOS.
- **System Date**
  Sets the system date. The date format is week (read-only), month, date, and year. Use <Enter> to switch between the Month, Date, and Year fields and use the <Page Up> or <Page Down> key to set the desired value.
- **System Time**
  Sets the system time. The time format is hour, minute, and second. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Use <Enter> to switch between the Hour, Minute, and Second fields and use the <Page Up> or <Page Down> key to set the desired value.
- **Access Level**
  Displays the current access level depending on the type of password protection used. (If no password is set, the default will display as **Administrator**.) The Administrator level allows you to make changes to all BIOS settings; the User level only allows you to make changes to certain BIOS settings but not all.

2-5 BIOS



☞ **Boot Option Priorities**

Specifies the overall boot order from the available devices. Removable storage devices that support GPT format will be prefixed with "UEFI:" string on the boot device list. To boot from an operating system that supports GPT partitioning, select the device prefixed with "UEFI:" string.

Or if you want to install an operating system that supports GPT partitioning such as Windows 10 64-bit, select the optical drive that contains the Windows 10 64-bit installation disc and is prefixed with "UEFI:" string.

☞ **Hard Drive/CD/DVD ROM Drive/Floppy Drive/Network Device BBS Priorities**

Specifies the boot order for a specific device type, such as hard drives, optical drives, floppy disk drives, and devices that support Boot from LAN function, etc. Press <Enter> on this item to enter the submenu that presents the devices of the same type that are connected. This item is present only if at least one device for this type is installed.

☞ **Bootup NumLock State**

Enables or disables Numlock feature on the numeric keypad of the keyboard after the POST. (Default: On)

☞ **Security Option**

Specifies whether a password is required every time the system boots, or only when you enter BIOS Setup. After configuring this item, set the password(s) under the **Administrator Password/User Password** item.

- ▸▸ Setup — A password is only required for entering the BIOS Setup program.
- ▸▸ System — A password is required for booting the system and for entering the BIOS Setup program. (Default)

☞ **Full Screen LOGO Show**

Allows you to determine whether to display the GIGABYTE Logo at system startup. **Disabled** skips the GIGABYTE Logo when the system starts up. (Default: Enabled)

Fast Boot

Enables or disables Fast Boot to shorten the OS boot process. **Ultra Fast** provides the fastest bootup speed. (Default: Disabled)

SATA Support

- Last Boot SATA Devices Only — Except for the previous boot drive, all SATA devices are disabled before the OS boot process completes. (Default)
- All SATA Devices — All SATA devices are functional in the operating system and during the POST.

This item is configurable only when **Fast Boot** is set to **Enabled** or **Ultra Fast**.

NVMe Support

Allows you to enable or disable NVMe device(s). (Default: Enabled)

This item is configurable only when **Fast Boot** is set to **Enabled** or **Ultra Fast**.

VGA Support

Allows you to select which type of operating system to boot.

- Auto — Enables legacy option ROM only.
- EFI Driver — Enables EFI option ROM. (Default)

This item is configurable only when **Fast Boot** is set to **Enabled** or **Ultra Fast**.

USB Support

- Disabled — All USB devices are disabled before the OS boot process completes.
- Full Initial — All USB devices are functional in the operating system and during the POST. (Default)
- Partial Initial — Part of the USB devices are disabled before the OS boot process completes.

This item is configurable only when **Fast Boot** is set to **Enabled**. This function is disabled when **Fast Boot** is set to Ultra Fast.

PS2 Devices Support

- Disabled — All PS/2 devices are disabled before the OS boot process completes.
- Enabled — All PS/2 devices are functional in the operating system and during the POST. (Default)

This item is configurable only when **Fast Boot** is set to **Enabled**. This function is **disabled** when **Fast Boot** is set to **Ultra Fast**.

NetWork Stack Driver Support

- Disabled — Disables booting from the network. (Default)
- Enabled — Enables booting from the network.

This item is configurable only when **Fast Boot** is set to **Enabled** or **Ultra Fast**.

CSM Support

Enables or disables UEFI CSM (Compatibility Support Module) to support a legacy PC boot process.

- Enabled — Enables UEFI CSM. (Default)
- Disabled — Disables UEFI CSM and supports UEFI BIOS boot process only.

LAN PXE Boot Option ROM

Allows you to select whether to enable the legacy option ROM for the LAN controller. (Default: Disabled)

This item is configurable only when **CSM Support** is set to **Enabled**.

Storage Boot Option Control

Allows you to select whether to enable the UEFI or legacy option ROM for the storage device controller.

- Disabled — Disables option ROM.
- UEFI Only — Enables UEFI option ROM only.
- Legacy Only — Enables legacy option ROM only. (Default)

This item is configurable only when **CSM Support** is set to **Enabled**.

Other PCI Device ROM Priority

Allows you to select whether to enable the UEFI or Legacy option ROM for the PCI device controller other than the LAN, storage device, and graphics controllers.

- Disabled — Disables option ROM.
- UEFI Only — Enables UEFI option ROM only. (Default)
- Legacy Only — Enables legacy option ROM only.

This item is configurable only when **CSM Support** is set to **Enabled**.

Administrator Password

Allows you to configure an administrator password. Press <Enter> on this item, type the password, and then press <Enter>. You will be requested to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You must enter the administrator password (or user password) at system startup and when entering BIOS Setup. Differing from the user password, the administrator password allows you to make changes to all BIOS settings.

User Password

Allows you to configure a user password. Press <Enter> on this item, type the password, and then press <Enter>. You will be requested to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You must enter the administrator password (or user password) at system startup and when entering BIOS Setup. However, the user password only allows you to make changes to certain BIOS settings but not all. To cancel the password, press <Enter> on the password item and when requested for the password, enter the correct one first. When prompted for a new password, press <Enter> without entering any password. Press <Enter> again when prompted to confirm.

NOTE: Before setting the User Password, be sure to set the Administrator Password first.

Secure Boot

Allows you to enable or disable Secure Boot and configure related settings. This item is configurable only when **CSM Support** is set to **Disabled**.

2-6 Peripherals



☞ **AMD CPU fTPM**

Enables or disables the TPM 2.0 function integrated in the AMD CPU. (Default: Disabled)

☞ **Initial Display Output**

Specifies the first initiation of the monitor display from the installed PCI Express graphics card or the onboard graphics.

- ▸▸ IGD Video (Note) Sets the onboard graphics as the first display.
- ▸▸ PCIe 1 Slot Sets the graphics card on the PCIEX16 slot as the first display. (Default)
- ▸▸ PCIe 2 Slot Sets the graphics card on the PCIEX4 slot as the first display.

☞ **LEDs in System Power On State**

Allows you to enable or disable motherboard LED lighting when the system is on.

- ▸▸ Off Disables the selected lighting mode when the system is on.
- ▸▸ On Enables the selected lighting mode when the system is on. (Default)

☞ **LEDs in Sleep, Hibernation, and Soft Off States**

Allows you to set the lighting mode of the motherboard LEDs in system S3/S4/S5 state.

This item is configurable when **LEDs in System Power On State** is set to **On**.

- ▸▸ Off Disables the selected lighting mode when the system enters S3/S4/S5 state. (Default)
- ▸▸ On Enables the selected lighting mode when the system enters S3/S4/S5 state.

☞ **HD Audio Controller**

Enables or disables the onboard audio function. (Default: Enabled)

If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in audio card instead of using the onboard audio, set this item to **Disabled**.

(Note) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature.

☞ **Above 4G Decoding**
Enables or disables 64-bit capable devices to be decoded in above 4 GB address space (only if your system supports 64-bit PCI decoding). Set to **Enabled** if more than one advanced graphics card are installed and their drivers are not able to be launched when entering the operating system (because of the limited 4 GB memory address space). (Default: Disabled)

▶ **Trusted Computing**
Enables or disables Trusted Platform Module (TPM).

▶ **Super IO Configuration**

☞ **Serial Port 1**
Enables or disables the onboard serial port. (Default: Enabled)

▶ **USB Configuration**

☞ **Legacy USB Support**
Allows USB keyboard/mouse to be used in MS-DOS. (Default: Enabled)

☞ **XHCI Hand-off**
Determines whether to enable XHCI Hand-off feature for an operating system without XHCI Hand-off support. (Default: Enabled)

☞ **USB Mass Storage Driver Support**
Enables or disables support for USB storage devices. (Default: Enabled)

☞ **Port 60/64 Emulation**
Enables or disables emulation of I/O ports 64h and 60h. This should be enabled for full legacy support for USB keyboards/mice in MS-DOS or in operating system that does not natively support USB devices. (Default: Disabled)

☞ **Mass Storage Devices**
Displays a list of connected USB mass storage devices. This item appears only when a USB storage device is installed.

▶ **NVMe Configuration**
Displays information on your M.2 NVME PCIe SSD if installed.

▶ **Network Stack Configuration**

☞ **Network Stack**
Disables or enables booting from the network to install a GPT format OS, such as installing the OS from the Windows Deployment Services server. (Default: Disabled)

☞ **Ipv4 PXE Support**
Enables or disables IPv4 PXE Support. This item is configurable only when **Network Stack** is enabled.

☞ **Ipv4 HTTP Support**
Enables or disables HTTP boot support for IPv4. This item is configurable only when **Network Stack** is enabled.

☞ **Ipv6 PXE Support**
Enables or disables IPv6 PXE Support. This item is configurable only when **Network Stack** is enabled.

☞ **Ipv6 HTTP Support**
Enables or disables HTTP boot support for IPv6. This item is configurable only when **Network Stack** is enabled.

☞ **IPSEC Certificate**
Enables or disables the Internet Protocol Security. This item is configurable only when **Network Stack** is enabled.

☞ **PXE boot wait time**
Allows you to configure how long to wait before you can press <Esc> to abort the PXE boot.

☞ **Media detect count**
Allows you to set the number of times to check the presence of media.

2-7 Chipset



☞ **IOMMU**
Enables or disables AMD IOMMU support. (Default: Auto)

☞ **PCIEX16 Bifurcation** (Note)
Allows you to determine how the bandwidth of the PCIEX16 slot is divided. Options: Auto, PCIE 4x4. (Default: Auto)

☞ **Integrated Graphics** (Note)
Enables or disables the onboard graphics function.

- ▸▸ Auto — The BIOS will automatically enable or disable the onboard graphics depending on the graphics card being installed. (Default)
- ▸▸ Forces — Enables the onboard graphics.
- ▸▸ Disabled — Disables the onboard graphics.

(Note) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature.

☞ **UMA Mode** (Note)

Specify the UMA mode.

- ▸▸ Auto — Lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default)
- ▸▸ UMA Specified — Sets the UMA Frame Buffer Size.
- ▸▸ UMA Auto — Sets the display resolution.

This item is configurable only when **Integrated Graphics** is set to **Forces**.

☞ **UMA Frame Buffer Size** (Note)

Frame buffer size is the total amount of system memory allocated solely for the onboard graphics controller. MS-DOS, for example, will use only this memory for display. Options are: Auto (default), 64M~16G.
This item is configurable only when **UMA Mode** is set to **UMA Specified**.
If you want to set the size to 4G or above, make sure to set **CSM Support** to **Disabled** first.

☞ **Display Resolution** (Note)

Allows you to set the display resolution. Options are: Auto (default), 1920x1080 and below, 2560x1600, 3840x2160.
This item is configurable only when **UMA Mode** is set to **UMA Auto**.

☞ **SATA Mode**

Enables or disables RAID for the integrated SATA controllers or configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode.

- ▸▸ RAID — Enables RAID for the SATA controller.
- ▸▸ AHCI — Configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode. Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is an interface specification that allows the storage driver to enable advanced Serial ATA features such as Native Command Queuing and hot plug. (Default)

☞ **NVMe RAID mode**

Allows you to determine whether to use your M.2 NVMe PCIe SSDs to configure RAID. (Default: Disabled)

☞ **APU SATA Port Enable (ASATA3 1, 2 Connectors)**

Enables or disables the SATA controller integrated in the CPU. (Default: Enabled)

☞ **APU SATA Hot plug**

Enables or disable the hot plug capability for each SATA port. (Default: Disabled)

☞ **Chipset SATA Port Enable (SATA3 0, 1, 2, 3 Connectors)**

Enables or disables the integrated SATA controllers. (Default: Enabled)

☞ **APU SATA Port0/1 (ASATA3 1, 2 Connectors)**

Displays the information of the connected SATA device(s).

☞ **Chipset SATA Port 0/1/2/3 (SATA3 0, 1, 2, 3 Connectors)**

Displays the information of the connected SATA device(s).

(Note) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature.

2-8 Power



AC BACK

Determines the state of the system after the return of power from an AC power loss.

- Memory — The system returns to its last known awake state upon the return of the AC power.
- Always On — The system is turned on upon the return of the AC power.
- Always Off — The system stays off upon the return of the AC power. (Default)

Power On By Keyboard

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 keyboard wake-up event.

Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

- Disabled — Disables this function. (Default)
- Password — Set a password with 1~5 characters to turn on the system.
- Keyboard 98 — Press POWER button on the Windows 98 keyboard to turn on the system.
- Any key — Press any key to turn on the system.

Power On Password

Set the **password** when **Power On By Keyboard** is set to Password.

Press <Enter> on this item and set a password with up to 5 characters and then press <Enter> to accept. To turn on the system, enter the password and press <Enter>.

Note: To cancel the password, press <Enter> on this item. When prompted for the password, press <Enter> again without entering the password to clear the password settings.

Power On By Mouse

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 mouse wake-up event.

Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

- Disabled — Disables this function. (Default)
- Move — Move the mouse to turn on the system.
- Double Click — Double click on left button on the mouse to turn on the system.

ErP

Determines whether to let the system consume least power in S5 (shutdown) state. Note: When this item is set to **Enabled**, the following functions will become unavailable: Resume by Alarm, power on by mouse, and power on by keyboard.

Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

Configures the way to turn off the computer in MS-DOS mode using the power button.

- Instant-Off — Press the power button and then the system will be turned off instantly. (Default)
- Delay 4 Sec. — Press and hold the power button for 4 seconds to turn off the system. If the power button is pressed for less than 4 seconds, the system will enter suspend mode.

Power Loading

Enables or disables dummy load. When the power supply is at low load, a self-protection will activate causing it to shutdown or fail. If this occurs, please set to **Enabled**. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

Resume by Alarm

Determines whether to power on the system at a desired time. (Default: Disabled)

If enabled, set the date and time as following:

- Wake up day: Turn on the system at a specific time on each day or on a specific day in a month.
- Wake up hour/minute/second: Set the time at which the system will be powered on automatically.

Note: When using this function, avoid inadequate shutdown from the operating system or removal of the AC power, or the settings may not be effective.

Wake on LAN

Enables or disables the wake on LAN function. (Default: Enabled)

High Precision Event Timer

Enables or disables High Precision Event Timer (HPET) in the operating system. (Default: Enabled)

2-9 Save & Exit



Save & Exit Setup

Press <Enter> on this item and select **Yes**. This saves the changes to the CMOS and exits the BIOS Setup program. Select **No** or press <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

Exit Without Saving

Press <Enter> on this item and select **Yes**. This exits the BIOS Setup without saving the changes made in BIOS Setup to the CMOS. Select **No** or press <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

Load Optimized Defaults

Press <Enter> on this item and select **Yes** to load the optimal BIOS default settings. The BIOS defaults settings help the system to operate in optimum state. Always load the Optimized defaults after updating the BIOS or after clearing the CMOS values.

Boot Override

Allows you to select a device to boot immediately. Press <Enter> on the device you select and select **Yes** to confirm. Your system will restart automatically and boot from that device.

Save Profiles

This function allows you to save the current BIOS settings to a profile. You can create up to 8 profiles and save as Setup Profile 1~ Setup Profile 8. Press <Enter> to complete. Or you can select **Select File in HDD/FDD/USB** to save the profile to your storage device.

Load Profiles

If your system becomes unstable and you have loaded the BIOS default settings, you can use this function to load the BIOS settings from a profile created before, without the hassles of reconfiguring the BIOS settings. First select the profile you wish to load and then press <Enter> to complete. You can select **Select File in HDD/FDD/USB** to input the profile previously created from your storage device or load the profile automatically created by the BIOS, such as reverting the BIOS settings to the last settings that worked properly (last known good record).

Chapter 3 Appendix

3-1 Configuring a RAID Set

RAID Levels

	RAID 0	RAID 1	RAID 10
Minimum Number of Hard Drives	≥2	2	4
Array Capacity	Number of hard drives * Size of the smallest drive	Size of the smallest drive	(Number of hard drives/2) * Size of the smallest drive
Fault Tolerance	No	Yes	Yes

Before you begin, please prepare the following items:

- At least two SATA hard drives or SSDs. (Note 1) (To ensure optimal performance, it is recommended that you use two hard drives with identical model and capacity). (Note 2)
- Windows setup disc.
- Motherboard driver disc.
- A USB thumb drive.

Configuring the Onboard SATA Controller

A. Installing SATA hard drive(s) in your computer

Install the hard drives/SSDs in the SATA/M.2 connectors on the motherboard. Then connect the power connectors from your power supply to the hard drives.

B. Configuring SATA controller mode in BIOS Setup

Make sure to configure the SATA controller mode correctly in system BIOS Setup.

Steps:

1. Turn on your computer and press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST (Power-On Self-Test). Under **Chipset**, ensure **APU SATA Port Enable and Chipset SATA Port Enable** are enabled. set **SATA Mode** to **RAID**. Then save the settings and restart your computer. (If you want to use NVMe PCIe SSDs to configure RAID, make sure to set **NVMe RAID mode** to **Enabled**.)
2. If you want to configure UEFI RAID, follow the steps in "C-1." To enter the legacy RAID ROM, save the settings and exit BIOS Setup. Refer to "C-2" for more information.

The BIOS Setup menus described in this section may differ from the exact settings for your motherboard. The actual BIOS Setup menu options you will see shall depend on the motherboard you have and the BIOS version.

C-1. UEFI RAID Configuration

Steps:

1. In BIOS Setup, go to **BIOS** and set **CSM Support** to **Disabled**. Save the changes and exit BIOS Setup.
2. After the system reboot, enter BIOS Setup again. Then enter the **Peripherals\RAIDXpert2 Configuration Utility** sub-menu.
3. On the **RAIDXpert2 Configuration Utility** screen, press <Enter> on **Array Management** to enter the **Create Array** screen. Then, select a **RAID level**. RAID levels supported include RAID 0(Stripe), RAID 1(Mirror), and RAID 10 (the selections available depend on the number of the hard drives being installed). Next, press <Enter> on **Select Physical Disks** to enter the **Select Physical Disks** screen.

(Note 1) An M.2 PCIe SSD cannot be used to set up a RAID set either with an M.2 SATA SSD or a SATA hard drive.

(Note 2) Refer to "1-7 Internal Connectors," for the installation notices for the M.2 and SATA connectors.

4. On the **Select Physical Disks** screen, select the hard drives to be included in the RAID array and set them to **Enabled**. Next, use the down arrow key to move to **Apply Changes** and press <Enter>. Then return to the previous screen and set the **Array Size**, **Array Size Unit**, **Read Cache Policy and Write Cache Policy**.
5. After setting the capacity, move to **Create Array** and press <Enter> to begin.
6. After completing, you'll be brought back to the **Array Management** screen. Under **Manage Array Properties** you can see the new RAID volume and information on RAID level, array name, array capacity, etc.

C-2. Configuring Legacy RAID ROM

Enter the legacy RAID BIOS setup utility to configure a RAID array. Skip this step and proceed with the installation of Windows operating system for a non-RAID configuration.

Steps:

1. After the POST memory test begins and before the operating system boot begins, look for a message which says "Press <Ctrl-F> to enter RAID Option ROM Utility". Press <Ctrl> + <R> to enter the RAID BIOS setup utility.
2. To create a new array, press <Enter> on the Create Array option.
3. The selection bar will move to the **Disks** section on the right of the screen. Select the hard drives to be included in the RAID array. Use the up or down arrow key to select a hard drive and press <Insert>. The selected hard drive will be shown in green. To use all of the hard drives, simply press <A> to select all. Then press <Enter> and the selection bar will move to the **User Input** section on the left bottom of the screen.
4. First, select a RAID mode and press <Enter>. The selections available depend on the number of the hard drives being installed. Then follow the on-screen instructions to specify the array size. You can select **All available space** to use the maximum size allowed or use the up or down arrow key to adjust the size and press <Enter>.
5. Select a caching mode. Options include Read/Write, Read Only, and None. Then press <Enter> to proceed.
6. Finally, a message which says "Confirm Creation of Array" will appear. Press <C> to confirm or <Esc> to return to the previous screen.
7. When completed, you will see the new array on the main screen. To exit the RAID BIOS utility, press <Esc> and then press <C> to confirm.

Installing the SATA RAID/AHCI Driver and Operating System

With the correct BIOS settings, you are ready to install the operating system.

Installing the Operating System

As some operating systems already include RAID/AHCI driver, you do not need to install separate RAID/AHCI driver during the Windows installation process. After the operating system is installed, we recommend that you install all required drivers from the motherboard driver disc using "Xpress Install" to ensure system performance and compatibility. If the operating system to be installed requires that you provide additional SATA RAID/AHCI driver during the OS installation process, please refer to the steps below:

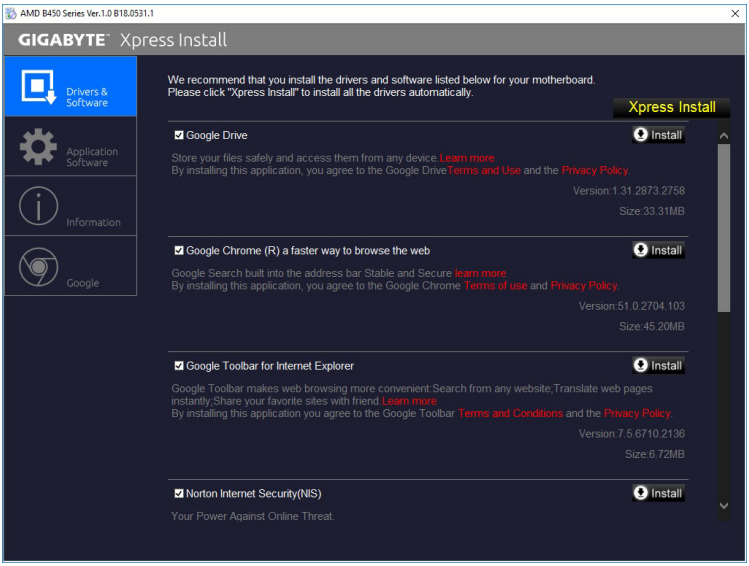
1. Copy the **Hw10** folder under the **\Boot** folder in the driver disc to your USB thumb drive.
2. Boot from the Windows setup disc and perform standard OS installation steps. When the screen requesting you to load the driver appears, select **Browse**.
3. Insert the USB thumb drive and then browse to the location of the driver. The location of the drivers is as follows:
   \Hw10\RAID\x64
4. Select **AMD-RAID Bottom Device** first and click **Next** to load the driver. Then select **AMD-RAID Controller** and click **Next** to load the driver. Finally, continue the OS installation.

Please visit GIGABYTE's website for details on configuring a RAID array.

3-2 Drivers Installation

- Before installing the drivers, first install the operating system.
- After installing the operating system, insert the motherboard driver disc into your optical drive. Click on the message "Tap to choose what happens with this disc" on the top-right corner of the screen and select "Run **Run**.exe." (Or go to My Computer, double-click the optical drive and execute the Run.exe program.)

"Xpress Install" will automatically scan your system and then list all of the drivers that are recommended to install. You can click the **Xpress Install** button and "Xpress Install" will install all of the selected drivers. Or click the arrow Install icon to individually install the drivers you need.



Please visit GIGABYTE's website for more software information.

Please visit GIGABYTE's website for more troubleshooting information.

Regulatory Statements

Regulatory Notices

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Our Commitment to Preserving the Environment

In addition to high-efficiency performance, all GIGABYTE motherboards fulfill European Union regulations for RoHS (Restriction of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment) and WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) environmental directives, as well as most major worldwide safety requirements. To prevent releases of harmful substances into the environment and to maximize the use of our natural resources, GIGABYTE provides the following information on how you can responsibly recycle or reuse most of the materials in your "end of life" product.

Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive Statement

GIGABYTE products have not intended to add and safe from hazardous substances (Cd, Pb, Hg, Cr+6, PBDE and PBB). The parts and components have been carefully selected to meet RoHS requirement. Moreover, we at GIGABYTE are continuing our efforts to develop products that do not use internationally banned toxic chemicals.

Waste Electrical & Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive Statement

GIGABYTE will fulfill the national laws as interpreted from the 2012/19/EU WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) directive. The WEEE Directive specifies the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal of electric and electronic devices and their components. Under the Directive, used equipment must be marked, collected separately, and disposed of properly.

WEEE Symbol Statement



The symbol shown below is on the product or on its packaging, which indicates that this product must not be disposed of with other waste. Instead, the device should be taken to the waste collection centers for activation of the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal procedure. The separate collection and recycling of your waste equipment at the time of disposal will help to conserve natural resources and ensure that it is recycled in a manner that protects human health and the environment. For more information about where you can drop off your waste equipment for recycling, please contact your local government office, your household waste disposal service or where you purchased the product for details of environmentally safe recycling.

- When your electrical or electronic equipment is no longer useful to you, "take it back" to your local or regional waste collection administration for recycling.
- If you need further assistance in recycling, reusing in your "end of life" product, you may contact us at the Customer Care number listed in your product's user's manual and we will be glad to help you with your effort.

Finally, we suggest that you practice other environmentally friendly actions by understanding and using the energy-saving features of this product (where applicable), recycling the inner and outer packaging (including shipping containers) this product was delivered in, and by disposing of or recycling used batteries properly. With your help, we can reduce the amount of natural resources needed to produce electrical and electronic equipment, minimize the use of landfills for the disposal of "end of life" products, and generally improve our quality of life by ensuring that potentially hazardous substances are not released into the environment and are disposed of properly.

Battery Information

European Union—Disposal and recycling information
GIGABYTE Recycling Program (available in some regions)



This symbol indicates that this product and/or battery should not be disposed of with household waste. You must use the public collection system to return, recycle, or treat them in compliance with the local regulations.

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- **GIGABYTE eSupport**

  To submit a technical or non-technical (Sales/Marketing) question, please link to:
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